

The Mazurka Project

**CHARM Symposium
Kings College London
6 January 2006**

Recent Progress

- Collected about 400 performances of mazurkas on 34 CDs

- **Rough score alignment by tapping to recording**

For human-assisted alignment of performances to score

- **Basic evaluation of tapping quality**

How accurate is reverse conducting? / Quality metrics

- **Raw input to automated alignment process**

Andrew will present current state of automatic alignment

- **Website for data and analysis results:**

<http://mazurka.org.uk>

Sample Performance Listing

		<i>Duration</i>	<i>Performer (year)</i>	<i>Label</i>
Mazurka in A minor	Op. 17, No. 4	4:36	Czai (1999)	HMDX 2907352-53
		4:03	Horowitz (1971)	S3K 93039 Legacy
		4:00	Horowitz (1985)	DG 419 045-2
		4:48	Indje (2001)	Calotype 3321
		4:00	Lusada (1990)	DG 463054-2
		4:05	Magaloff (1977)	Philips 456 898-2
		3:23	Paderewski (1912)	Philips 456 919-2
		4:30	Peraia (1994)	Sony 45931
		4:20	Rosen (1989)	Globe 5028
		4:16	Rubinstein (1939)	Naxos 8 110556-57
		3:41	Rummel (1943)	Dante HP/C0027
		2:15	Smith (1975)	EMI 724355576726

Full list of collected performances at:
<http://mazurka.org.uk/info/discography>

Reverse Conducting and Score Alignment

Lots of Tapping

- Reverse conducting of same performance 20 times
 - used to smooth out errors in individual sessions
 - used to test various automatic windowing methods (such as SD)
 - takes about 3 hours / performance to record and process 20 trials
So 2 performances can be tapped per day
 - about 400 performances of the mazurkas collected
 - 20 performances have been reverse conducted thus far:
 - 7 performances of Op. 7, No. 2 in A Minor
 - 6 performances of Op. 7, No. 3 in F Minor (initial test case)
 - 7 performances of Op. 17, No. 4 in A Minor

Data Entry Method

• **backbeat.exe:** command-line program for recording tap times

• Absolute time from first click in milliseconds.

• Other 3 fields for error checking (during performance and afterwards).

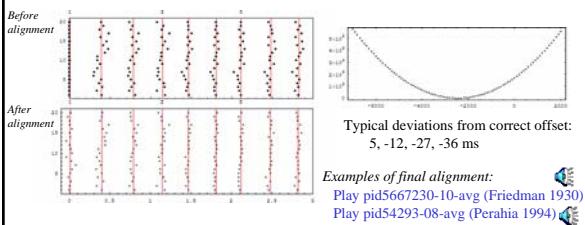
• Computer keyboard resolution is 5 milliseconds.

**kern	**beat	**abstms	**deltatime
=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-
4	1	0	0
4	2	391	391
4	3	741	350
=2	=2	=2	=2
4	1	1080	339
4	2	1454	374
4	3	1807	353
=3	=3	=3	=3
4	1	2108	301
4	2	2448	340
4	3	2785	337
=4	=4	=4	=4
4	1	3108	323
4	2	3472	364
4	3	3812	340

<http://mazurka.org.uk/info/revcond>

Offset Alignment with Audio

- Need to align first tap to first note in recording.
- Cannot just measure start time of note in audio.
- Individual tapping trials aligned by least squares fit to a sample of manually measured beat time in audio file.

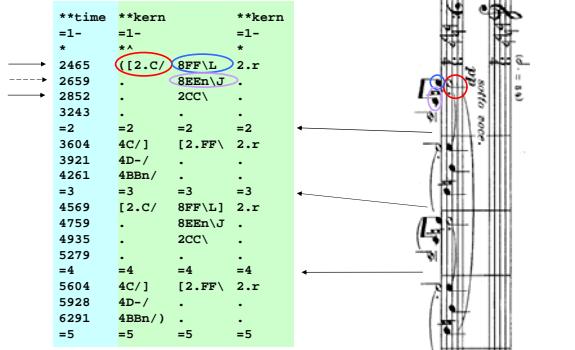


Tapping Summary Data

**kern	**beat	**time	**dur	**min	**max	**cmin	**cmax	**sd
4	3	2177	474.95	1935	2265	2147	2206	63.5
=1	=1	=1	=1	=1	=1	=1	=1	=1
4	1	2652	389.1	2536	2832	2624	2679	59.1
4	2	3041	400.15	2921	3137	3017	3065	51.7
4	3	3441	451.65	3399	3493	3429	3453	25.7
=2	=2	=2	=2	=2	=2	=2	=2	=2
4	1	3893	361.85	3845	3957	3879	3906	28.8
4	2	4254	460.4	4206	4283	4245	4264	20.7
4	3	4715	416.3	4620	4780	4697	4733	38.9
=3	=3	=3	=3	=3	=3	=3	=3	=3
4	1	5131	353.65	5039	5225	5108	5154	48.6
4	2	5485	362.45	5433	5541	5471	5499	29.8
4	3	5847	355.45	5780	5811	5830	5864	36.5
=4	=4	=4	=4	=4	=4	=4	=4	=4
4	1	6203	363.7	6160	6266	6189	6216	28.2
4	2	6566	490.25	6490	6602	6552	6580	29.9
4	3	7057	368.2	6980	7154	7036	7077	43.1
=5	=5	=5	=5	=5	=5	=5	=5	=5
4	1	7425	279.65	7318	7478	7407	7443	38.4
4	2	7704	397.85	7657	7760	7693	7716	24.1
4	3	8102	426.65	8058	8160	8089	8115	27.6

Score Alignment and Time Interpolation

Abs times Score



Output data to Matlab

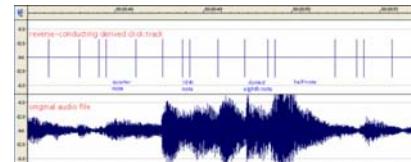
Created from timed score + tapping summary data

```
%%%col01: abstime (average absolute time in milliseconds of human beats)
%%%col02: duration (expected duration in ms based on score duration)
%%%col03: note (MIDI note number of pitch)
%%%col04: metlev (metric level: 1 = downbeat; 0 = beat; -1 = offbeat)
%%%col05: measure (measure number in which note occurs)
%%%col06: abebeat (absolute beat from starting beat at 0)
%%%col07: mintime (minimum absolute time of human beat for this note)
%%%col08: maxtime (maximum absolute time of human beat for this note)
%%%col09: sd (standard deviation of human beat time in ms.)
```

2465	1456	48	1	1	0	2419	2535	24.1
2465	194	41	1	1	0	2419	2535	24.1
2659	193	40	-1	1	0.5	-1	-1	
2852	752	36	0	1	1	2762	2947	52.4
3604	1155	41	1	2	3	3550	3648	19.8
3921	340	49	0	2	4	3879	3978	26.1
4261	308	47	0	2	5	4239	4275	9.2
4569	1259	48	1	3	6	4548	4585	11.6
4759	176	40	-1	3	6.5	-1	-1	
4935	669	36	0	3	7	4906	4968	18.7
5604	1235	41	1	4	9	5585	5628	14.8
5928	363	49	0	4	10	5894	5977	22.2
6291	367	47	0	4	11	6241	6317	15.8
6658	4438	48	1	5	12	6636	6682	13.1
6839	175	40	-1	5	12.5	-1	-1	

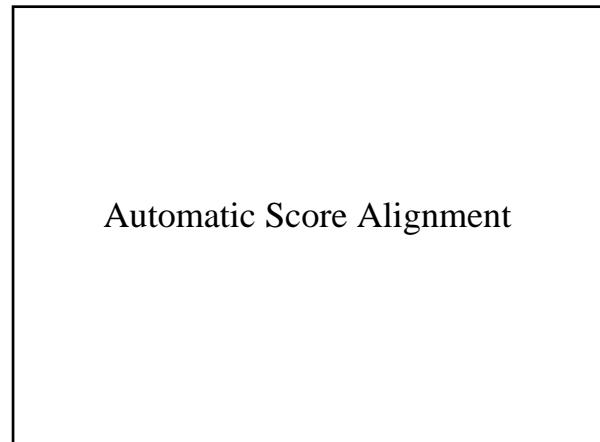
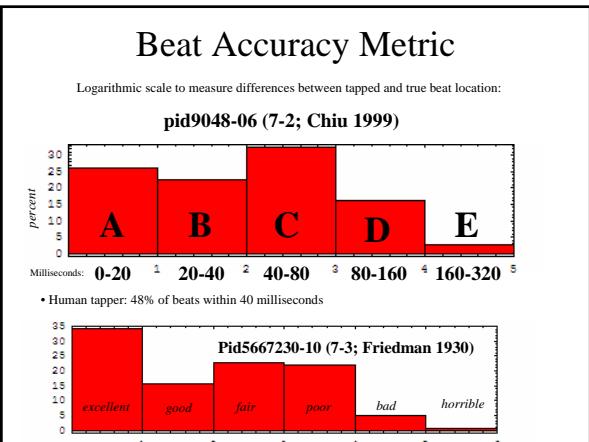
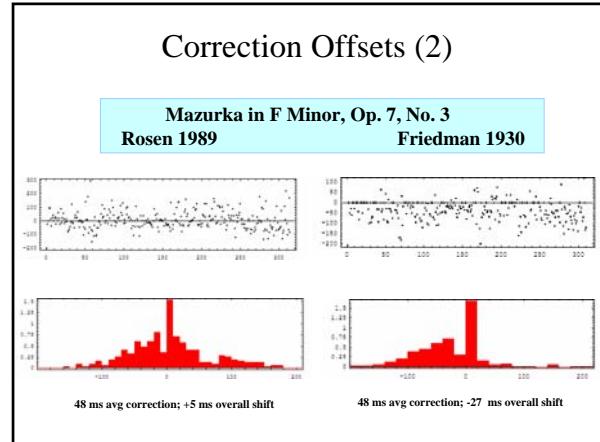
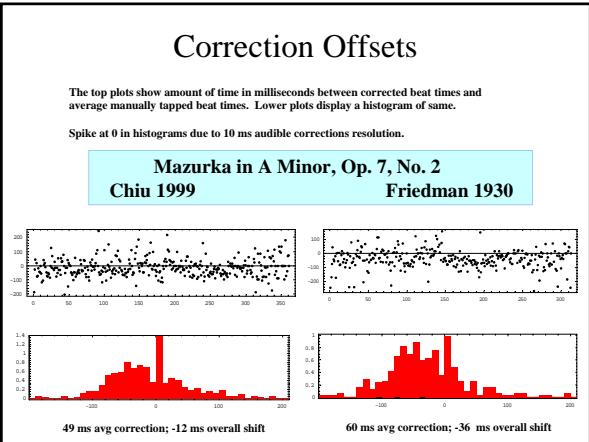
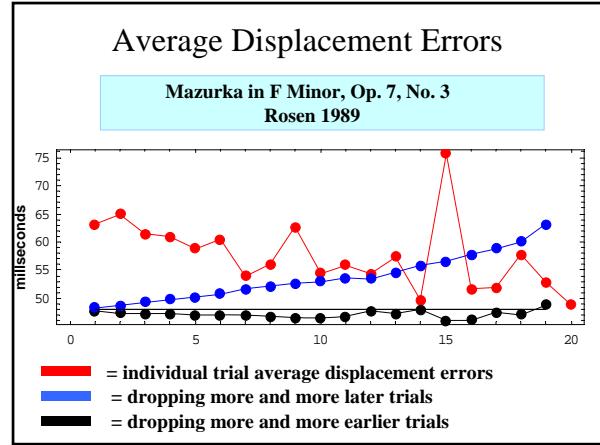
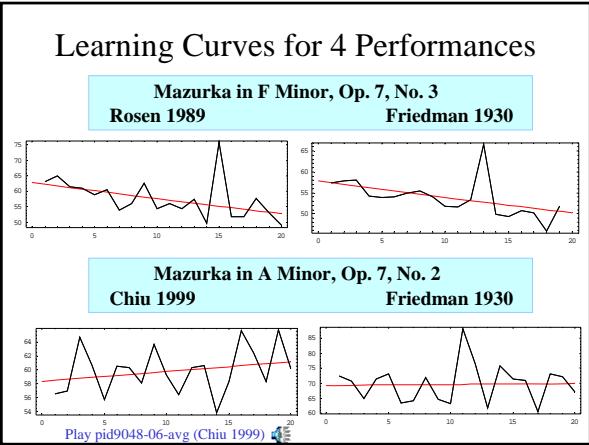
Tapping Quality Measurements

Manual correction of the beat times



- Align tapped beats within 10 ms by ear/eye in sound editor
- Each beat alignment takes about 1-2 minutes on average
- 300 beats in each mazurka = 1 to 2 days for a performance
- Necessary for evaluation of automatic alignment
- 4 manual corrections done to date (for 7-2 & 7-3)

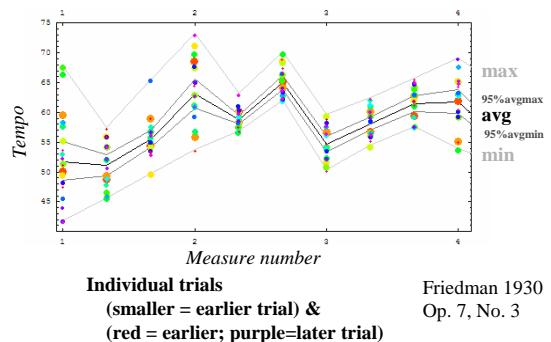
Play pid5667230-10-corr (Friedman 1930)



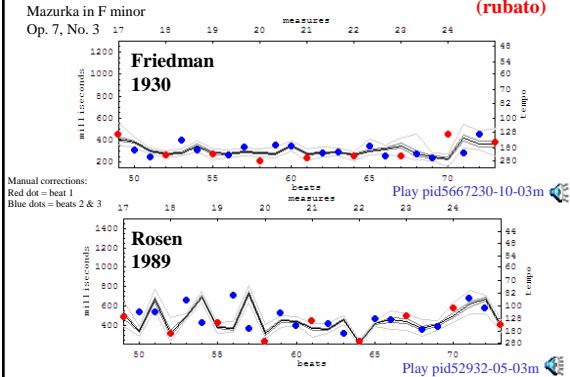
Current Work

- Tempo Plots
- Tempo Correlation Analysis
- Performance Reconstruction

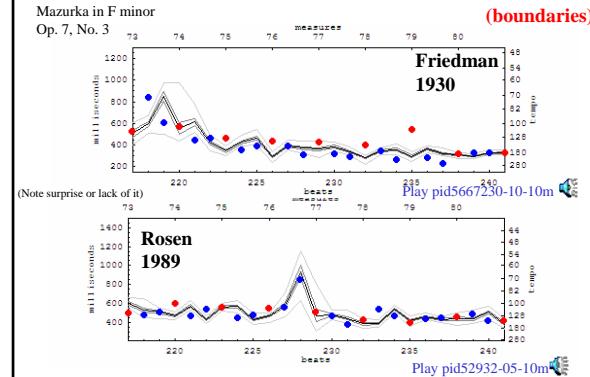
Tempo Plots



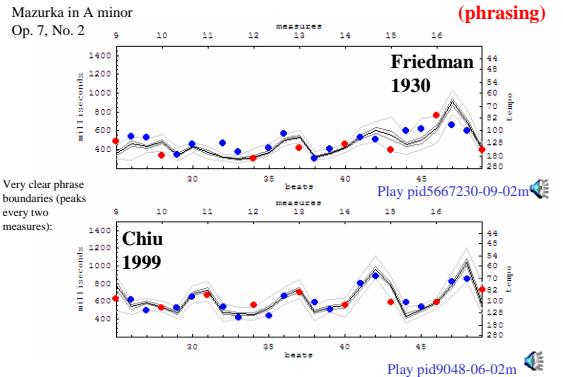
Tempo Plots Op. 7, No. 3 (rubato)



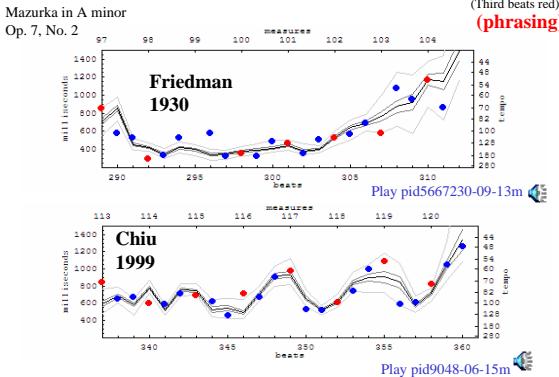
Tempo Plots Op. 7, No. 3 (2) (boundaries)



Tempo Plots Op. 7, No. 2 (phrasing)



Tempo Plots Op. 7, No. 2 (2) (phrasing)



Tempo Correlation

Pearson's product moment correlation:

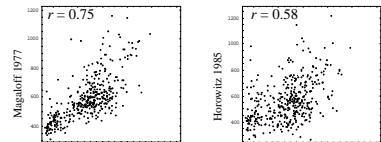
$$\frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})(y - \bar{y})}{\sqrt{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2 \sum (y - \bar{y})^2}}$$

- Correlation value in the range from -1 to +1.
- 1 means exact correlation, 0 means no correlation, -1 is anticorrelation
- Used in the Krumhansl-Schuckler key-finding algorithm
- Other types of correlation metrics, such as:
Spearman Rank Correlation Coefficient

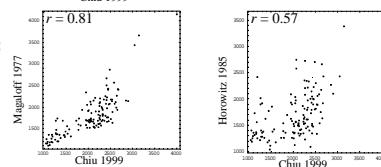
Tempo Correlation (2)

Op. 17, No. 4

Beat durations:



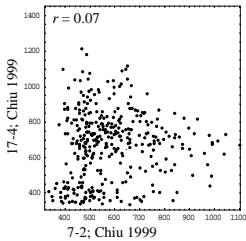
Measure durations:



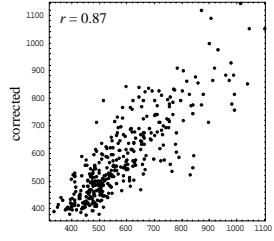
Tempo Correlation (3)

correlation extremes

Comparing two unrelated pieces:



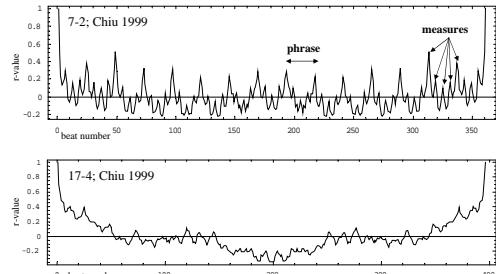
Raw and corrected reverse conduction:



corrected

Tempo Correlation (4)

Autocorrelation with shifted performance



Performance Reconstruction

- Simulate performances of the score from various components:

Tempo

- Constant tempo → boring
- Measure tempo
- Beat tempo → phrasing
- Tempo of offbeats → jazzing
- Exact duration of all notes → Non-simultaneous beat events

Dynamics

- Constant Loudness → boring
- Chordal Loudness → dynamics
- Note Loudness → voicing

Also durations for: staccato, legato & pedaling

Performance Reconstruction (2)

First Reconstruction:

- Use tap timings to control the tempo of each beat
- Interpolate expected times of offbeats

- Convert score to MIDI using **time data with inferred durations.

- 7-2; Chiu 1999 Play pid9048-06

- 7-2; Chiu 1999 reconstruction Play pid9048-06-rA

- simultaneously Play pid9048-06-sim

Abs times Score

**time	**kern	**kern
=1-	=1-	=1-
*	* ⁺	*
2465	([2.C/ 8FF\L 2.r	
2659	. 8EEn\J .	
2852	. 2CC\ .	
3243	. . .	
=2	=2 =2 =2	=2
3604	4C/1 [2.FF\ 2.r	
3921	4D-/ . .	
4261	4BBn/ . .	
=3	=3 =3 =3	=3
4569	[2.C/ 8FF\L] 2.r	
4759	. 8EEn\J .	
4935	. 2CC\ .	
5279	. . .	
=4	=4 =4 =4	=4
5604	4C/1 [2.FF\ 2.r	
5928	4D-/ . .	
6291	4BBn/ . .	
=5	=5 =5 =5	=5

Future Work

Audio:

- Minimize alignment errors/Speed alignment process
- Automatic alignment of offbeats after beats are verified
- Non-simultaneous chord note timing offsets
- Note dynamics

Performance Analysis:

- Characterize and compare performances
 - Automatic identification of “schools” of music?
- Identify importance/relation of timing and dynamics

Miscellaneous Slides

